



# One Health and Conservation Strategies



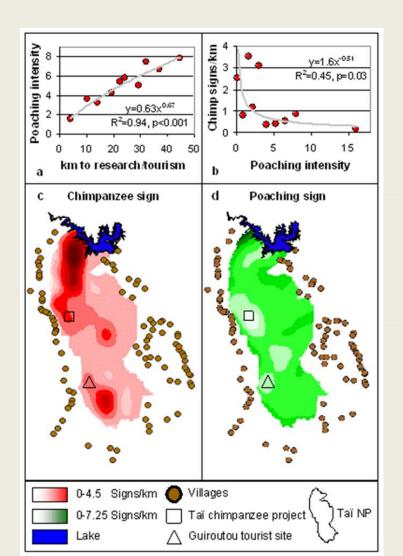
© Metzger/TCP

#### WWF "Green Heart of Africa" Projects





#### Positive Presence through Tourism & Research as most effective Conservation Strategy



Köndgen et al. 2008 Also Tranquilli et al. 2014





## Health Monitoring Program: Four main objectives

Disease
Prevention:
Improved Human
Health &
Reduced Risk of
(Inter-species)
Disease
Transmission

П

Routine Health
Monitoring:
Regular
Collection of
Samples &
Observational
Health Data

Ш

Rapid
Response:
to Disease
Outbreaks &
Veterinary
Emergencies or
Interventions

IV

Diagnosis and
Investigation:
of Disease Outbreaks
and Wildlife Fatalities
& Disease and
Pathogen Research



#### DISEASE PREVENTION



















> Health Rules









Potentially: Vaccination of great apes





#### **Standard Employee Health Programme (EHP)**

Health status baseline at time of hire and annual physical exams



- ➤ Ongoing surveillance & response
- > Routine Vaccination, deworming



- > Extension of EHP to family members
- > Health & Hygiene Education















### Routine Health Monitoring



#### Two Main Components:

#### I Regular collection & preservation of biological samples

- + Feces
- + Urine



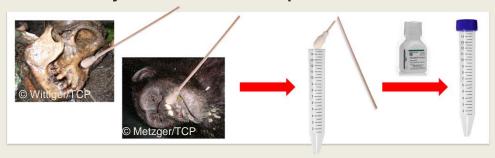




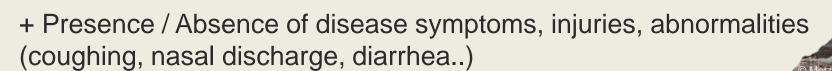
- + Throat swabs from human project staff and visitors
- + Minimally invasive samples from animal carcasses







II Regular observations & recording of observational health data









# **Emergency Intervention**& Diagnosis and

# Diagnosis and Investigation



#### Diagnosis and Investigation

+ Disease outbreaks and death: Necropsy/Tissue sampling by full trained and equipped veterinarian



- + Rapid and On-site Laboratory Analysis of samples allows the detection & diagnosis of many pathogens (Ebola, Anthrax, Respiratory viruses,...)
- Portable Field Labs established since 2012 equiped for:
- sample processing
- DNA/RNA extraction
- standard PCR
- basic parasitology including microscopy







#### Outbreak Intervention & Investigation

- ✓ Treatments during respiratory outbreaks
- ✓ Studied prevalence of pathogens in environment











- ✓ Sensitized local population to prevent disease transmission and provided alert to health authorities
- √ Vaccination Campaigns against Measals & Anthrax
- Need for Rapid Diagnosis & Treatment & Research on: oral vaccines, effectiveness of hygiene measures, anthropogenic impacts on disease dynamics, landscape changes...



